Indians affected by AIDS

3846. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether ii is a fact that of the 15 lakh people affected by diseases relating to AIDS and tobacco use in South *East* Asia region, 60 per cent are from india;

(b) if so, the details thereof: and

(c) what action Government have taken/propose to take in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (OR. C. SILVERA): (a) and (b) No reliable data on people affected by diseases relating to AIDS and Tobacco in South East Asia region is available.

(c) Facilities for symptomatic treatment of AIDS, and for diseases arising out of consumption of tobacco are available in all major Government hospitals. Health education to the highlight the adverse impact on health due to tobacco use has been taken up in hand. Since there is no cure or vaccine for HIV/AIDS as of now, the major thrust of the AIDS control programme ts on creation of awareness about HIV/ AIDS and behaviour change. Other areas of intervention consist of measures to ensure blood safety and control of sexually transmitted diseases as HIV/ AIDS is basically a sexually transmitted disease.

Development of drugs for treatment of AIDS (AZT) by IICT

3847. SHRI MD. SALIM:
SHRI DIPANKAR MUKHER-IEE:

Wilt the PRIME MINISTER he pleased to state:

(a) whether Indian Institute of Chemical Technology (IICT), Hyderabad had developed drugs for treatment of AIDS (AZT) and abortion bill RU 486.

(b) if so what the reasons, that the above drugs have not been marketed within and outside the country;.

(c) whether the procures ter manu facture of AZT and the ulcer drug Omeprazole have been released to private party outside the country; if so, the reasons therefor;

(d) whether IICT incurred a low of Rupees 20 lakhs for development of Cyanuric Chloride process, though it was sponsored by M/s ATIC Industries, if so, the reasons therefor; and

(d) whether there has been and work done at laboratory scale with regard to the agreement signed by IICT with M/s Cyanide & Chemicals Co.; if so, the details thereof and the time required to demonstrate the process at pilot plant level?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTR V OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. C. SILVERA): (a) IICT has developed process knowhow on laboratory scale for the preparation of Azidothyinidine (AZR) for treatment of AIDS and RU-486, an abortifacient.

(b) The process of AZT and RU 486 have been licensed to pharmaceutical firms.

(c) Yes, Sir. The Processes for AZT and Omeprazole (Antu-ulcer drug) have been licensed to a private party in Brazil through National" Research and Development Corporation, as a commercial transaction.

(d) It has been reported by Council of Scientific and Industrial Research that IICT initially undertook their development work on continuous pilot plan scale as sponsored project. However the work involved an additional expenditure of Rs. 20 lakhs which was met by IICT. The initial sponsor surrendered his right in the process and as a consequence IICT was able to license the process to another Party on payment of over Rs. 200 lakhs, thereby netting a significant surplus .